CPVMATCH

Concentrating Photovoltaic modules using advanced technologies and cells for highest efficiencies



Simon P. Philipps, Andreas W. Bett, and all CPVMatch partners

Fraunhofer Institute for Solar Energy Systems ISE

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www.ise.fraunhofer.de





Quick Facts on the CPVMatch Project

- Type: Collaborative project
- Project duration: 42 months (3 and a half years)
- Dates: May 2015 October 2018
- EC Contribution: 4.95 M€
- Effort: 536 Person/Months
- Participants: 9 Partners
 (4 Research Institutions, 1 University, 2 Industry Partners and 2 SMEs)
- Coordinator: Fraunhofer ISE
- TRL: From 3 to 5





Project Partners

























Covering the Value Chain

MOVPE Equipment

• AIXTRON SE (Industry)

Multi-Junction Solar Cell

- Fraunhofer (Research)
- RSE SPA (Research)
- AZUR SPACE (Industry)

CPV Module

- UPM (University)
- Fraunhofer (Research)
- TECNALIA (Research)
- ASSE (SME)

<u>Characterisation &</u> <u>Life-Cycle</u>

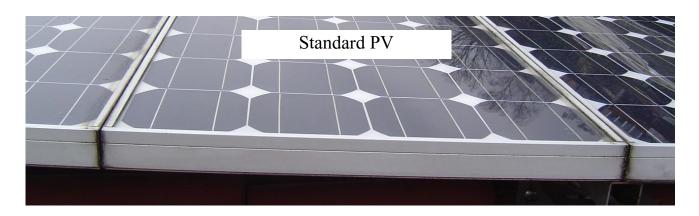
- CEA (Research)
- CYCLECO SAS (SME)



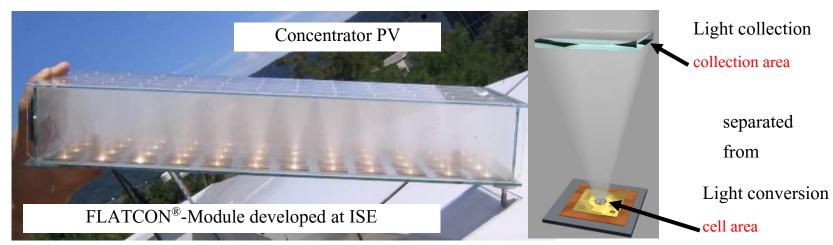


Photovoltaics

Standard PV and Concentrator PV



Light collection and conversion is one unit

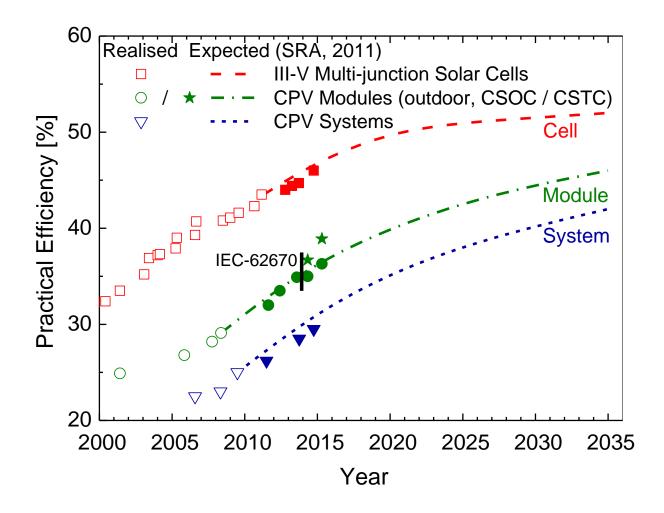


Concentration Factor = collection / cell area





Progress of Efficiencies in CPV





Object of the CPVMatch Project

- The overall aim of the project is to **bring practical performance of HCPV modules closer to theoretical limits**.
- This should be achieved through:
 - novel **multi-junction solar cell** architectures using advanced materials and processes for better spectral matching
 - innovative **HCPV module concepts** with improved optical and interconnection designs, thus including novel light management approaches.
- The central objective of CPVMatch is to realise **HCPV solar cells and modules working at a concentration** level ≥800x with an efficiency of 48% and 40%, respectively, with a low environmental impact.

Key Enabling Technologies in CPVMatch

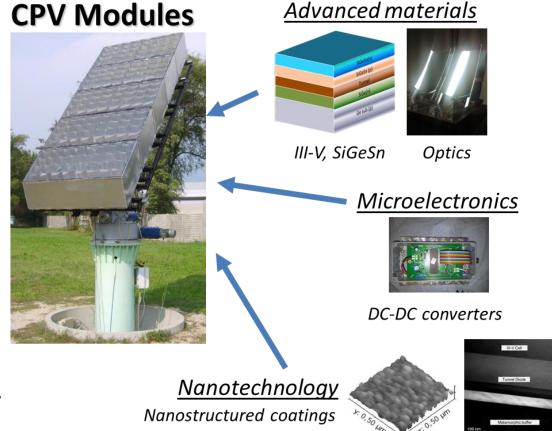
Photonics Solar cells PSD integrated In the module

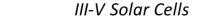






Advanced Advanced module MOVPE reactor manufacturing









WP1:

Cutting edge multi-junction solar cells

- 1 eV subcell for metamorphic concepts
- Wafer bond processing
- 4J metamorphic MJSC with 48% efficiency

<u>Fraunhofer</u>, RSE SPA, UPM, AZUR SPACE, ASSE

WP2:

Frontier multi-junction solar cells

- New MOVPE growth chamber design for III-V and IV elements
- 1 eV subcell based on SiGeSn
- Lattice-matched dual-junction GaAs/SiGeSn
- Nanostructured coatings
- 4J solar cells with III-V and SiGeSn

Fraunhofer, RSE SPA, AIXTRON SE



Innovative Fresnel-lens-based HCPV modules

WP3:

- Achromatic Fresnel lenses for improved light management
- Anti-reflective coatings

Fraunhofer, <u>UPM</u>, CEA, TECNALIA

WP4:

Smart, mirror-based HCPV modules

- New mirror-optics
- Low-cost, reliable receivers
- DC/DC converters and PSD sensor to reduce power losses

Fraunhofer, RSE SPA, <u>ASSE</u>, TECNALIA

WP5: Characterization

and Testing

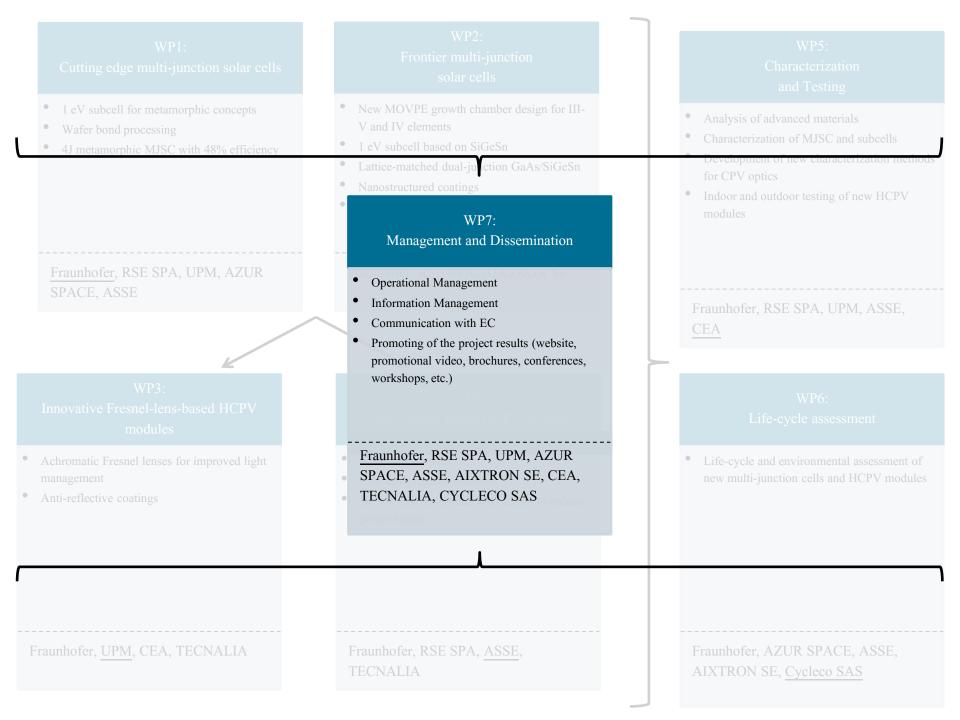
- Analysis of advanced materials
- Characterization of MJSC and subcells
- Development of new characterization methods for CPV optics
- Indoor and outdoor testing of new HCPV modules

Fraunhofer, RSE SPA, UPM, ASSE, CEA

WP6: Life-cycle assessment

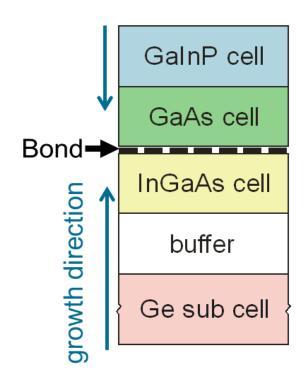
Life-cycle and environmental assessment of new multi-junction cells and HCPV modules

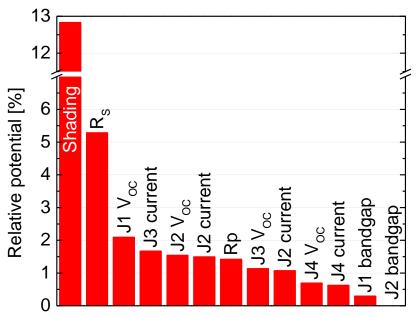
Fraunhofer, AZUR SPACE, ASSE, AIXTRON SE, Cycleco SAS



WP1: Cutting Edge Multi-Junction Solar Cells Metamorphic Growth Combined with Wafer Bonding

Objective: Development of a novel wafer bonded four-junction solar cell for better spectral matching with an efficiency of 48% using advanced materials and processes.



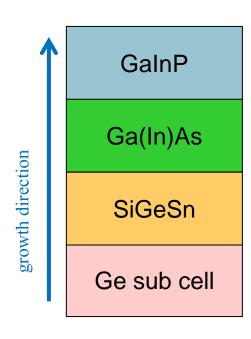


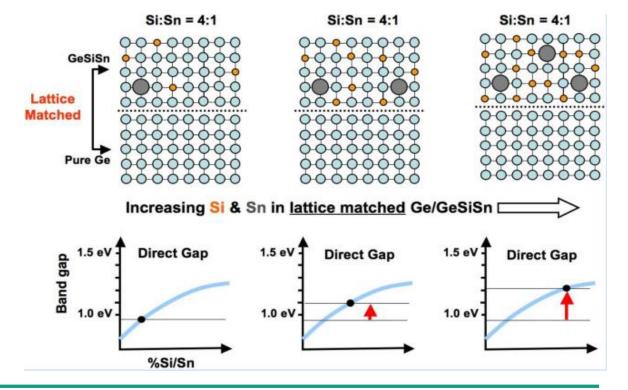
Efficiency improvement potential in realized structure with respect to target structure.



WP2: Frontier Multi-Junction Solar Cells Technologies with Lattice-Matched Approach

Objective: Development of a frontier lattice multi-junction solar cell with high efficiency potential and low process cost, comprising nanostructured coatings and innovative lattice-matched materials, obtained by combing III-V and IV elements.



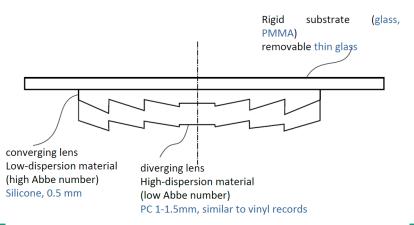


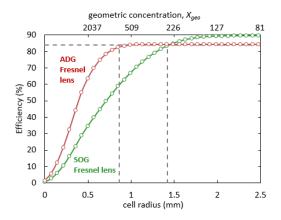


WP3: Innovative, Fresnel-Lens-Based HCPV Modules The Fresnel Optics Concept

Objective: Development of achromatic Fresnel lens-based HCPV modules













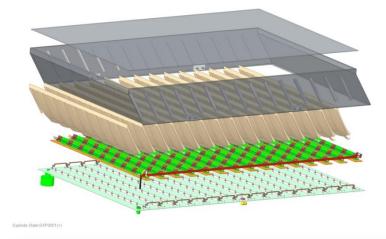
WP4: Smart, Mirror-Based HCPV Modules

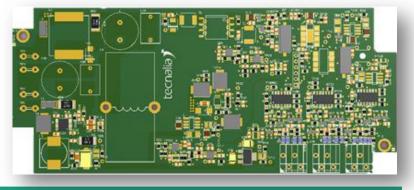
The Mirror-Based Optics Concept

Objective: Development of smart, mirror-based HCPV modules.













WP5: Characterization and Testing

Adapted Characterization Methods

Objective: Assess the developments realized on solar cells and module by means of adapted characterization methods

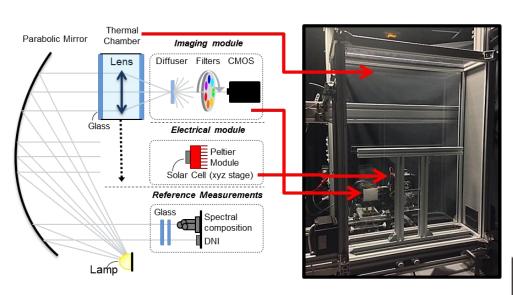
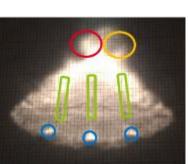
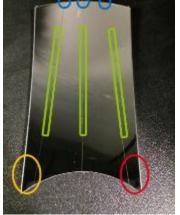




Figure 6: 4 junctions solar cells under test on EQE.





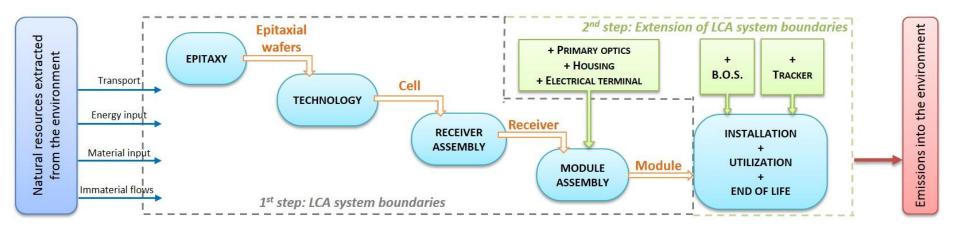




WP6: Life-Cycle Assessment

Flow-Chart and System Boundaries

Objective: Life-cycle and environmental assessment of new multi-junction cells and HCPV modules.



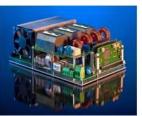


Thank you for your attention!













Fraunhofer Institute for Solar Energy Systems ISE

Dr. Simon P. Philipps

www.ise.fraunhofer.de simon.philipps@ise.fraunhofer.de



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